

# Adverbs and Adjectives

Bijwoorden en bijvoeglijke naamwoorden

# Adjectives (bijvoeglijk naamwoord)

- Adjectives tell us something about a person or a thing. Adjectives can modify nouns (zelfstandige naamwoorden) or pronouns (voornaamwoorden).
- It is a **red** car.
- A **beautiful** girl.

# Adverbs (bijwoorden)

- They modify adjectives, verbs, and other adverbs.
- A word is an adverb if it answers *how*, *when*, or *where*.
- Form: adjective (bijvoeglijk naamwoord) + -ly.
- Bad → badly, extreme → extremely
- Madonna sings beautifully.
- The teacher always helps you quickly.

# Compare:

- A beautiful girl.

VS

- She sings beautifully.

# Exceptions:

- Good → well
- Fast → fast
- Hard → hard

# Verbs of physical perception:

After certain forms you have to use the adjective instead of the adverb:

- be
- sound
- taste
- smell
- look
- feel

# Word order:

- 1 w.w. in de zin voor het eerste w.w.
- I **slowly** walk home.
- 2 of meer w.w. in de zin na het 1<sup>ste</sup> w.w.
- I will **quickly** tell you the news.
- 2 w.w. in de zin en vorm van to be. Na to be
- I am **always** working very hard.