**Woordvolgorde in de zin**

Net zoals in het Nederlands sprake is van een bepaalde woordvolgorde, is dat ook het geval in het Engels. Meestal gaat die volgorde als volgt:

De normale volgorde is:

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 1 | het onderwerp (wie/wat + werkwoord als zelfstandig nwd gebruikt) |
| 2 | alle werkwoorden |
| 3 | het meewerkend voorwerp (aan wie/voor wie) |
| 4 | lijdend voorwerp (wie/wat + werkwoord + onderwerp) |
| 5 | plaats (waar) |
| 6 | tijd (wanneer) |

Voorbeeld:

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| My friend | told | me | the way | to school | yesterday |
| onderwerp:wie vertelde? | persoonsv. allewerk-woorden | Mee-werkend voorwerp:aan wie vertelde mijn vriend? | lijdendvoorwerp:wat ver-telde vriend? | plaats:waar? | tijd:wanneer? |

PvT oftewel **Plaats** voor **Tijd**.

In het Engels staat in principe altijd de tijdsbepaling achteraan in de zin.

Uitzondering: als het tijdstip van wezenlijk belang is, dan zet je de tijdsbepaling vooraan in de zin.

Dus de tijdsbepaling staat **OF** vooraan **OF** achteraan.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 6 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| Yesterday | my friend | told | me | the way | to the station. |

In deze zin is het dus belangrijk om te weten dat **gisteren** je vriendje je iets vertelde.

Net zoals in het Nederlands sprake is van een bepaalde woordvolgorde bij **vragende zinnen**, is dat ook het geval in het Engels. Meestal gaat die volgorde als volgt:

Voorbeeld:

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 |
| Can | you | download | a mp3 file | for me | at school | tomorrow? |
| hulp-werk-woorden  | onderwerp:wie? | werkwoord | lijdendvoorwerp:wat ver-telde de politieagent? | Mee-werkend voorwerp:aan wie? | plaats:waar? | tijd:wanneer? |



Thank God there is no dog school!

Wat zijn **hulpwerkwoorden**, o.a.:

to be (am / are / is, was / were)

have (has / have / had)

can (can / could)

do (does / did / done)

will (will / would)

shall (shall / should)

must

may (may / might)

**Oefenzinnen woordvolgorde**

**Oefening A**

1. are going – we – this Sunday – to the beach
2. like to stay – this weekend – you - ? – would – at my house
3. there is – at the Modern Arts Museum – an interesting exhibition – next January
4. Mrs Bernstein wants to see me in *her office tomorrow / tomorrow in her office.*
5. in town - I - met - her - yesterday.
6. I was *born in Deurne in 1999 / in Deurne born in 1999.*
7. They went *before dark home / home before dark*.
8. He likes working *in the garden in the evening / in the evening in the garden*.
9. Ludo is not *here at the moment / at the moment here*.
10. My sister wants to go to college *next year in New York / in New York next year*.
11. This class goes *to London every year / every year to London*.

**Oefening B**

1 on holiday - this year - to France - are - we - going

2 played truant (spijbelen)- often - last week - he

3 her - yesterday - in town - met - I

4 Russian - can - he - speak - hardly

5 sold - also - the house - had - they

6 certainly - would - I -told - have- him

7 soon - will - forgotten - you - have - him

8 compulsory (verplicht)- English - still - in the Netherlands - is - at schools

9 live - he - did - before 1998 - in Amsterdam - ?

10 earlier - I - you - completely - with - disagree - told - should - I - that - have -him

11 hardly - can - works - see - you - he - hard - how

12 to this football match - go - you - tomorrow - will - ?

13 nonsense - ever - have - heard - you - such - ?

14 possibly - I - comply with - cannot - your request

15 met - we - them - last year - in London

16 find - can - you - in a dictionary - these words - easily

17 at seven - get up - usually - I

18 read - you - an English paper - ever - do - ?

19 every word - clearly - pronounce - you - should

20 had - he - missed - obviously - the train

21 got - soon - my new surroundings - I - used to

22 advice - listened to - he - his father's - wisely

23 began - we - this morning - only

24 the bill - must - request - you - urgently - I - to pay

25 I - him - could - hardly - understand

26 you - slowly - must - speak - more

27 carefully - the driver - drove

28 gradually getting - is - the work - easier

29 I - the other day - him - in the theatre - saw

30 he - behind him- closed - quickly - the door

31 seldom - goes - out - she - without a coat

32 always - they - late - are

33I - have - about it - thought - seriously

34 get to - never - in time - will - they - the station

35 you -not -probably - easily - recover - understand - that - she - will - can

**Antwoorden oefening B**

1 We are going on holiday to France this year .

2 He often played truant last week

3 I met -her in town yesterday

4 He can hardly speak Russian

5 They had also sold the house

6 I would certainly have told him

7 You will soon have forgotten him

8 English is still compulsory at schools in the Netherlands

9 Did he live in Amsterdam before 1998 ?

10 I should have told you earlier that I completely disagree with him

11 You can hardly see how hard he works

12 Will you go to this football match tomorrow ?

13 Have you ever heard such nonsense ?

14 I cannot possibly comply with your request

15 We met them in London last year

16 You can easily find these words in a dictionary

17 I usually get up at seven

18 Do you ever read an English paper?

19 You should pronounce every word clearly

20 He had obviously missed the train

21 I soon got used to my new surroundings

22 He wisely listened to his father's advice

23 We only began this morning

24 I must urgently request you to pay the bill

25 I could hardly understand him

26 You must speak more slowly

27 The driver drove carefully

28 The work is gradually getting easier

29 I saw him in the theatre the other day

30 He quickly closed the door behind him

31 She seldom goes out without a coat

32 They are always late.

33I have seriously thought about it

34 They will never get to the station in time

35 You can easily understand that she will probably not recover

**Online oefeningen Woordvolgorde (± 12 min.). Weet je niet meer hoe het moet? Klik op 'show example' bij de oefening.**
[Woordvolgorde oefening 1](http://www.englisch-hilfen.de/en/exercises/word_order/sentences.htm)
[Woordvolgorde incl. PvT oefening 1](http://www.englisch-hilfen.de/en/exercises/word_order/sentences2.htm)
[Woordvolgorde incl. PvT oefening 2](http://www.englisch-hilfen.de/en/exercises/word_order/sentences3.htm)
[Woordvolgorde incl. PvT oefening 3](http://www.englisch-hilfen.de/en/exercises/word_order/sentences4.htm)
[Woordvolgorde incl. PvT oefening 4](http://www.englisch-hilfen.de/en/exercises/word_order/sentences6.htm)
[Woordvolgorde incl. PvT oefening 5](http://www.englisch-hilfen.de/en/exercises/word_order/sentences7.htm)
[Woordvolgorde ontkennende zinnen oefening 1](http://www.englisch-hilfen.de/en/exercises/word_order/sentences8.htm)
[Woordvolgorde gemixt oefening 1](http://www.englisch-hilfen.de/en/exercises/word_order/sentences10.htm)